

County of Shasta Igo, California

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY
INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



June 30, 2021



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees
Igo-Ono-Platina Union Elementary School District
Igo, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Igo-Ono-Platina Union Elementary School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021; and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Continued)

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule, and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

**Other Information** Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information on pages 65 to 70 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements, or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information on pages 67 to 70 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The local educational agency organization structure and the schedule of charter schools have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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(Continued)

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 19, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

May 19, 2022

Chico, California





#### INTRODUCTION

An overview of the Igo-Ono-Platina Union Elementary School District's (the District) financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, is provided in this discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance.

This management's discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements (including notes and supplementary information).

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Overall revenues were \$1,090,098. Expenses exceeded revenues by \$96,180.

Total net position in governmental activities was \$1,339,611, a decrease of 6.7% from the previous year. The General Fund reported a total fund balance of \$708,093.

Enrollment for the District has increased by 5.7%.

#### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. Combined, these three parts provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two financial statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining financial statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. The District maintains governmental funds as follows:
  - Governmental Funds: Financial statements provide information on how basic services like regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

The financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets owned, less the liabilities owed. The statement of activities includes all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. The two financial statements report the District's net position and how it has changed.

Net position, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities divide the District into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities: Represent the basic services provided by the District, such as regular and special education, administration, and transportation.

*Business-Type Activities*: Represent services for which the District charges fees to help cover the cost of certain services beyond the scope of normal district operations. The District does not have any of these types of activities at this time.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

More detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole – is provided in the fund financial statements. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by bond covenants and by state law.
- Other funds are established by the District to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts). Other funds may also show proper usage of certain revenues (such as federal grants).

#### **Governmental Funds**

All of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on:

- How cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow (in and out).
- The balances left at year end that are available for spending.

A detailed short-term view is provided by the governmental fund financial statements. These help determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future for financing the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided following the governmental fund financial statements that explains the differences (or relationships) between them.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Position**

As shown in the following table, the District's net position as of June 30, 2021, was \$1,339,611. Of this amount, negative \$50,196 was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limits the Board of Trustees' ability to use the net position for day-to-day operations. All District net position is the result of governmental activities.

					Percentage
		Governi	nen	tal Activities	Change
June 30		2020		2021	2020-21
ACCETC					
ASSETS	\$	704 610	<u>ب</u>	CC4 224	16 200/
Cash and investments Receivables	Þ	794,610	\$	664,334	-16.39%
		102,883		611,220	494.09%
Other current assets		1,971		6,631	236.43%
Restricted cash and investments		35,485		47,357	33.46%
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		1,549,094		1,469,102	-5.16%
TOTAL ASSETS		2,484,043		2,798,644	12.66%
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB		695		9,805	1310.79%
Deferred outflows of resources for pensions		169,553		140,966	-16.86%
		·			
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		170,248		150,771	-11.44%
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		118,503		186,226	57.15%
Advances from grantors		3,006		380,711	12565.04%
Long-term debt		722,335		760,164	5.24%
TOTAL LIABILITIES		843,844		1,327,101	57.27%
		0 13,0 11		1,327,101	37.2770
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB		45		3,996	8780.00%
Deferred inflows of resources for pensions		374,611		278,707	-25.60%
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		374,656		282,703	-24.54%
TOTAL DELI ENNED IN EGOVO OF REGOONEES		374,030		202,703	24.5470
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		1,349,094		1,269,102	-5.93%
Restricted		92,707		120,705	30.20%
Unrestricted		(6,010)		(50,196)	-735.21%
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,435,791	\$	1,339,611	-6.70%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# **Change in Net Position**

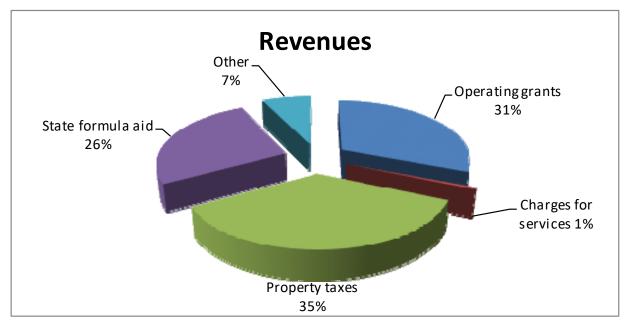
The following table and graphs summarize the changes in net position for the District.

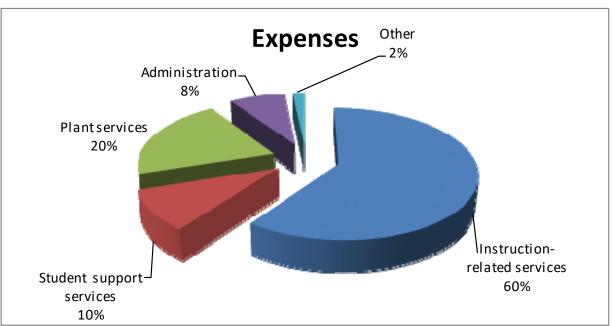
Total revenues for the fiscal year were \$1,090,098. Property taxes and state aid funding accounted for 61% of the District's revenue. Another 32% came from operating grants for specific programs and charges for services, and the remaining 7% came from miscellaneous sources.

The total cost of all programs and services for the fiscal year was \$1,186,278. Expenses exceeded the District's revenues for the year by \$96,180. The District's expenses are primarily related to educating and caring for students (70%). Administrative activities, plant services, and other costs of the District accounted for 30% of the total costs.

			Percentage
		ental Activities	Change
June 30	2020	2021	2020-21
REVENUES			
Program Revenues			
Operating grants	\$ 169,896	337,049	98.39%
Charges for services	7,484	5,852	-21.81%
General Revenues			
Property taxes	370,234	386,470	4.39%
State formula aid	294,061	283,064	-3.74%
Other	58,212	77,663	33.41%
TOTAL REVENUES	899,887	1,090,098	21.14%
EXPENSES			
Instruction-related services	505,235	712,006	40.93%
Student support services	128,643	117,806	-8.42%
Plant services	195,427	244,553	25.14%
Administration	101,050	92,703	-8.26%
Other	17,510	19,210	9.71%
TOTAL EXPENSES	947,865	1,186,278	25.15%
Change in Net Position	\$ (47,978)	(96,180)	-100.47%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

The District's total expenses were \$1,186,278; however, the net cost for these activities was \$843,377 after costs paid by those who benefited from the programs and amounts paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

		Percentage Change		
June 30		2020	2021	2020-21
Instruction	\$	392,652 \$	596,567	51.93%
Instruction-related services		112,583	115,439	2.54%
Pupil services		128,643	117,806	-8.42%
General administration		101,050	92,703	-8.26%
Plant services		195,427	244,553	25.14%
Ancillary services		7,693	1,275	-83.43%
Other outgo		9,817	17,935	82.69%
Totals	\$	947,865 \$	1,186,278	25.15%

	Net Cost of Services					
June 30	2020	2021	2020-21			
Instruction	\$ 316,509 \$	352,473	11.36%			
Instruction-related services	112,073	113,451	1.23%			
Pupil services	82,406	43,679	-47.00%			
General administration	91,426	85,012	-7.02%			
Plant services	150,567	229,554	52.46%			
Ancillary services	7,687	1,273	-83.44%			
Other outgo	9,817	17,935	82.69%			
Totals	\$ 770,485 \$	843,377	9.46%			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

#### **Governmental Funds**

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$762,605, a decrease of \$50,835 from the previous year. Following is a summary of the District's fund balances.

		Fı	und Balance	Increase
June 30	2020		2021	(Decrease)
General	\$ 770,651	\$	708,093	\$ (62,558)
Cafeteria Special Revenue	20,640		29,114	8,474
Capital Facilities	22,149		25,398	3,249
Totals	\$ 813,440	\$	762,605	\$ (50,835)

The decrease in the General Fund is due primarily to the District experiencing a modest increase in expenditures for a planned site infrastructure improvement project.

The increase in the Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund is due primarily to a significant increase in reimbursable meal revenues due to the change of the claiming process while operating during the COVID-19 Pandemic. Concurrently the District was able to reduce expenditures.

The increase in the Capital Facilities Fund is due primarily to the District receiving higher than expected impact fees.

## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During the course of the year, the District revises its budget as information becomes available that results in changes in revenues and expenditures. A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with the amounts actually paid and received for the General Fund is provided in our annual report as required supplementary information. The budget amendments for the year typically fell into the following categories:

- Adjustment of revenue to actual enrollment and ADA data.
- Inclusion of new grants.
- Addition of grant and entitlement carryovers from the prior year.

The District budgeted revenues and other financing sources in the General Fund to exceed expenditures and other financing uses by \$266,214. Actual results for the year reflected a shortfall of \$62,558. Actual total revenue was 23.1% less than the final operating budgeted amount. Actual total expenditures were 3.9% more than the final operating budgeted amount.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT ADMINISTRATION

## **Capital Assets**

The District has invested \$3,704,150 in capital assets including site improvements and equipment. During 2020-21, the District installed generators and steel doors.

		Increase			
June 30		2020	2021		(Decrease)
Site improvements	\$	717,395	\$ 717,395	\$	-
Buildings		2,497,938	2,525,788		27,850
Equipment and vehicles		423,767	423,767		-
Land		37,200	37,200		
Total Capital Assets	\$	3,676,300	\$ 3,704,150	\$	27,850

# **Long-Term Debt**

At year end, the District had \$730,164 in outstanding long-term debt.

		al Activities	Increase	
June 30		2020	2021	(Decrease)
Net OPEB asset	\$	(10,039) \$	(207) \$	9,832
Direct borrowing note payable		200,000	200,000	-
Net pension liability		532,374	530,371	(2,003)
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	722,335 \$	730,164 \$	7,829

#### **FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE**

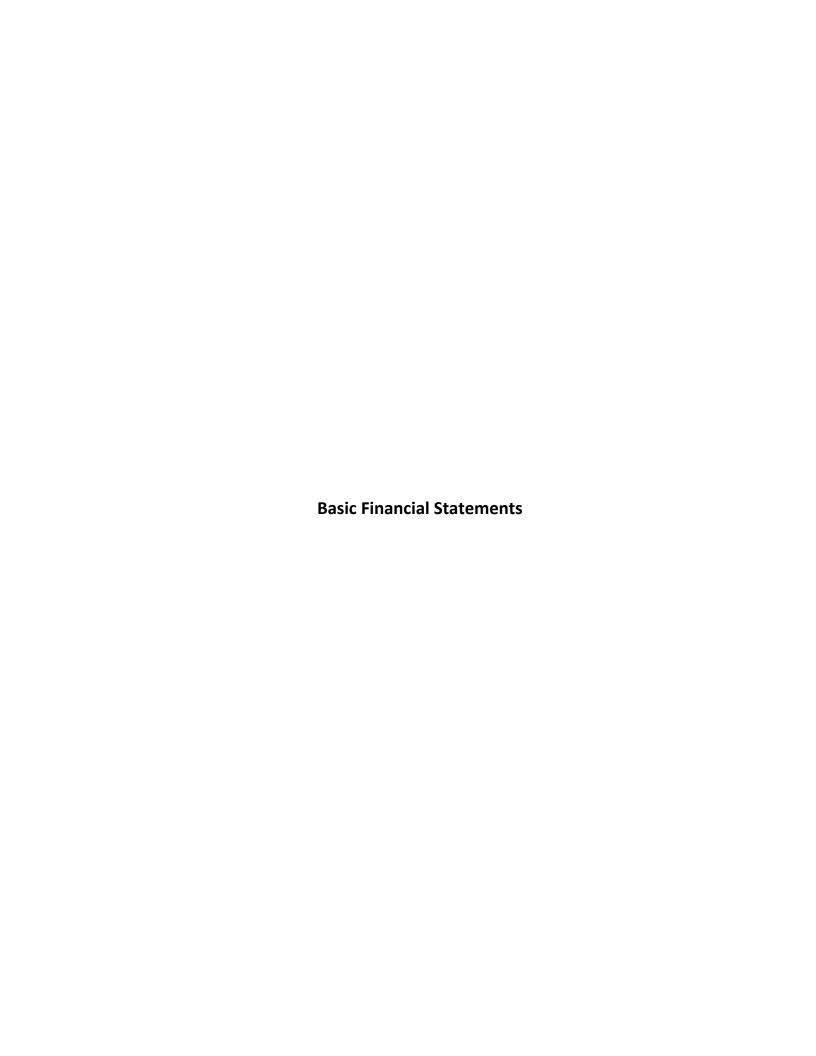
In the 2020-21 fiscal year the District moved back to in-person instruction. The District was able to maintain fiscal controls throughout the year while experiencing unpredictable costs while operating in the midst of the COVID-19 Pandemic. The District is cautiously optimistic that it will experience a favorable financial future but it is dependent on many factors, including growth of the state economy and an improvement in enrollment. The District will continue to monitor the effects of the COVID-19 Pandemic and the Board of Trustees is prepared to take necessary steps to ensure the District's fiscal solvency.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

#### **CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. For questions regarding this report or additional financial information, please contact:

Robert Fellinger, Chief Business Official Redding School District 5885 East Bonnyview Road Redding, CA 96001



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021	Go	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	664,334		
Accounts receivable		39,839		
Due from other governments		571,381		
Inventories		6,631		
Restricted cash and investments		47,357		
Nondepreciated capital assets		37,200		
Depreciated capital assets		3,666,950		
Accumulated depreciation		(2,235,048)		
TOTAL ASSETS		2,798,644		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB		9,805		
Deferred outflows of resources for pensions		140,966		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		150,771		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		185,879		
Due to other governments		347		
Advances from grantors		380,711		
Long-term obligations:				
Due beyond one year		760,164		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,327,101		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB		3,996		
Deferred inflows of resources for pensions		278,707		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		282,703		
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		1,269,102		
Restricted for capital projects		25,398		
Restricted for debt service		47,357		
Restricted for educational programs		25,467		
Restricted for other purposes		22,483		
Unrestricted		(50,196)		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,339,611		

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{notes are an integral part of these financial statements}.$ 

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

							Ne	et (Expense) Revenue
				Pro	ogra	m Revenues		Changes in
						Operating	N	et Position -
				Charges for		<b>Grants and</b>	Go	vernmental
Year Ended June 30, 2021		Expenses		Services	С	ontributions		Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS								
Primary Government								
Governmental activities:								
Instruction	\$	596,567	\$	5	\$	244,089	\$	(352,473)
Instruction-related services		115,439		-		1,988		(113,451)
Pupil services		117,806		5,164		68,963		(43,679)
Ancillary services		1,275		-		2		(1,273)
General administration		92,703		683		7,008		(85,012)
Plant services		244,553		-		14,999		(229,554)
Other outgo		17,935						(17,935)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,186,278	\$	5,852	\$	337,049		(843,377)
GENERAL REVENUES								
Property taxes - levied for genera	hur	noses						386,470
Federal and state aid not restricte	-	•	oos	ses				283,064
Unrestricted investment earnings		5 p 5 6 6 p 6 ,						267
Miscellaneous								77,396
								,
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES								747,197
Change in Net Position								(96,180)
Net Position - Beginning of Year								1,435,791
Net Position - End of Year							\$	1,339,611

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2021	G	eneral Fund	Gove	Other rnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
·						
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	631,348	\$	32,986	\$	664,334
Accounts receivable		39,809		30		39,839
Due from other governments		553,229		18,152		571,381
Restricted cash and investments		47,357		-		47,357
Inventories		-		6,631		6,631
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,271,743	\$	57,799	\$	1,329,542
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Accounts payable and other						
current liabilities	\$	•	\$	3,287	\$	185,879
Due to other governments		347		-		347
Advances from grantors		380,711		-		380,711
Total Liabilities		563,650		3,287		566,937
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		750		6,631		7,381
Restricted		72,824		47,881		120,705
Assigned		563,519		-		563,519
Unassigned		71,000		-		71,000
Total Fund Balances		708,093		54,512		762,605
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,271,743	\$	57,799	\$	1,329,542

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO GOVERNMENT-WIDE NET POSITION

June	30,	2021

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 762,605
Amounts reported for assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from		
amounts reported in governmental funds because:  Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are		
reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.		
Capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ 3,704,150 (2,235,048)	
Total Capital Assets - Net		1,469,102
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:		
Net pension liability Net OPEB asset Direct borrowing note payable	560,371 (207) 200,000	
Total Long-Term Liabilities		(760,164)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported:		
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions		140,966 (278,707)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to other postemployment benefits (OPEB): In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported:		
Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB  Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB		9,805 (3,996)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 1,339,611

 $\label{thm:company} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements}.$ 

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

V 5 1 11 20 2024			Governmen		Govern	Total
Year Ended June 30, 2021	Ge	eneral Fund	Fu	nds		Funds
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$	386,470	\$	-	\$ 3	886,470
Local control funding formula						
sources		271,808		-	2	271,808
Other state revenue		66,997	2,8	93		69,890
Federal revenue		131,198	50,4	-07	1	181,605
Other local revenue		147,777	23,5	62	1	171,339
Total Revenues		1,004,250	76,8	62	1,0	081,112
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction		583,905		-	5	83,905
Instruction-related services		101,153		-	1	101,153
Pupil services		39,578	61,7	61	1	101,339
Ancillary services		1,275		-		1,275
General administration		86,518	2,2	02		88,720
Plant services		208,594	1,1	.76	2	209,770
Transfers between agencies		17,935		-		17,935
Capital outlay		27,850		-		27,850
Total Expenditures		1,066,808	65,1	.39	1,1	131,947
Net Change in Fund Balances		(62,558)	11,7	23	(	(50,835)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		770,651	42,7	'89	8	313,440
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	708,093	\$ 54,5	12	\$ 7	62,605

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{ notes are an integral part of these financial statements.}$ 

Year Ended June 30, 2021

RECONCILIATION OF NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES TO CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	

(50,835)

\$

of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay \$ 27,850
Depreciation expense (107,842)

Net Capital Outlay (79,992)

Pensions: In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:

39,320

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

(4,673)

#### **Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities**

(96,180)

 $\label{thm:company} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements}.$ 

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District is governed by an elected three-member board. The District operates one elementary school in Igo, California.

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's, *California School Accounting Manual*. The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP, and used by the District, are discussed below.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function; and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include: (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by recipients of goods or services offered by the major programs; and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes and unrestricted grants and contributions, are presented as general revenues.

**Fund Financial Statements** Fund financial statements are organized by funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The funds of the District are described below.

#### **Governmental Funds**

**General Fund** The general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Special Revenue Funds** Funds that are established to account for the proceeds from specific resources that are restricted to the financing of particular activities.

1. Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources received to operate the District's food service program (*California Education Code*, Sections 38091 and 38100).

**Capital Projects Funds** Funds that are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

- Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account for funds received from fees levied on developers
  or others as a condition for approving development (*California Education Code*, Sections 1762017626).
- 2. Special Reserve Fund is used to account for resources designated for capital outlay projects (*California Education Code*, Section 42840).

## **Major and Nonmajor Funds**

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor as follows:

Major Governmental Funds: General Fund

Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund Capital Facilities Fund Special Reserve Capital Projects Fund

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

**Measurement Focus** On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

**Basis of Accounting** In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within one year. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's Governing Board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's Governing Board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's Governing Board and District Superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. The original and final revised budgets are presented for the General Fund as required supplementary information.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures legally cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are combined with investments and displayed as cash and investments.

Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

In accordance with *California Education Code*, Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the Shasta County Treasury (the County) as part of the common investment pool. The County is restricted by *California Government Code*, Section 53635 pursuant to Section 53601, to invest in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements. Investments in the County pool are valued using the amortized cost method (which approximates fair value) and include accrued interest. The pool has deposits and investments with a weighted-average maturity of more than one year. As of June 30, 2021, the fair value of the County pool was 100.34% of the carrying value and is deemed to represent a material difference. Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with the County was not available. The County investment pool is subject to regulatory oversight by the Treasury Oversight Committee, as required by *California Government Code*, Section 27130. The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in the external investment pool.

The calculation of realized gains is independent of the calculation of the net increase in the fair value of investments. Realized gains and losses on investments that had been held in more than one fiscal year and sold in the current year may have been recognized as an increase or decrease in the fair value of investments reported in the prior year. The net decrease in the fair value of investments during the year ended June 30, 2021, was \$8,578. This takes into account all changes in fair value (including purchases and sales) that occurred during the year. The unrealized gain on investments held at June 30, 2021, was \$2,228.

#### Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Certain restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments are held by a fiscal agency for debt service (General Fund). Restricted cash and cash equivalents are displayed as restricted cash and investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### **Accounts Receivable and Due From Other Governments**

Accounts receivable represent amounts due from private persons, firms, or corporations based on contractual agreements or amounts billed, but not received, as of June 30, 2021. Amounts due from other governments include entitlements and grants from federal, state, and local governments that the District has earned or been allocated, but has not received, as of June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, no allowance for doubtful accounts was deemed necessary.

#### **Balances Due To/From Other Funds**

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Balances due to/from other funds between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consist of supplies and materials. Expenses are recorded as the supplies and materials are consumed. Inventories are valued on the average cost method for purchased supplies and materials. Donated commodities' inventory is valued at its fair value at the time of donation.

#### **Fixed Assets**

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (fixed assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year, except for buildings and improvements for which a higher capitalization threshold of \$25,000 or more is used. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if the actual cost is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 2001.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives in years by type of asset is as follows:

School buildings	20-50
Portable classrooms	25
Site improvements	20
Equipment	5-15
Vehicles	8

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

#### **Advances From Grantors**

Cash received for federal and state special projects and programs is recognized as revenue to the extent that qualified expenditures have been incurred. Advances from grantors are recorded to the extent that cash received on specific projects and programs exceeds qualified expenditures.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations, fiduciary fund operations, or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. All long-term debt to be repaid from fiduciary resources is reported as liabilities in the fiduciary fund statements.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), which will only be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) in the future. District contributions subsequent to the measurement date related to pension plans, are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide statement of net position. District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be amortized during the next fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and would only be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) at that time.

Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of pension contributions, the District's proportionate share of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in assumptions, and the differences between the District's expected and actual experience, are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide statement of net position. These amounts are amortized over the estimated service lives of the pension plan participants.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments, changes in assumptions, and the differences between the District's expected and actual experience, are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide statement of net position. These amounts are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided OPEB through the OPEB plan.

#### **Equity Classifications**

Government-Wide Statements Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets: Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, leases, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position: Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted Net Position*: Consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

**Fund Statements** Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified and displayed in five components:

Nonspendable Fund Balance: Consists of amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance: Consists of amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints that are externally imposed by groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or because of laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance: Consists of amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. The District's Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or budget adoption approved by the District's Board of Trustees.

Assigned Fund Balance: Consists of amounts that the District intends to use for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the District's Board of Trustees or a designee of the District's Board of Trustees.

*Unassigned Fund Balance*: Consists of the residual balance in the General Fund that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's minimum fund balance policy requires a reserve for economic uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 5% of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the District's Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

## **Local Control Funding Formula Grant and Property Tax**

The District's local control funding formula (LCFF) grant is received from a combination of local property taxes and state apportionments.

Shasta County is responsible for assessing, collecting, and apportioning property taxes. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the County. Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property taxes on the secured roll are due on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned in the fiscal year of the levy. The County apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternate method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the *California Revenue and Taxation Code*. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll - approximately October 1 of each year.

Property taxes are recorded as LCFF sources by the District. The California Department of Education reduces the District's entitlement by the District's local property tax revenue. The balance is paid from the state's General Fund and is referred to as the state apportionment. The District's LCFF provides a base grant per average daily attendance (ADA), which varies by grade span, plus supplemental and concentration grants that reflect student demographic factors and categorical programs.

#### **Revenue – Nonexchange Transactions**

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### **Expenditures and Expenses**

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental funds – by character: Current (further classified by function) Debt service Capital outlay

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources.

#### **OPEB**

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Pensions**

Deferred outflows of resources/deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), and additions to/deductions from STRP's and CalPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and CalPERS for purposes of measuring the net pension liability. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The following is a summary of cash and investments:

June 30, 2021	Maturities	Fair Value
Deposits (1)	\$	750
Investments That Are Not Securities (2)		
County treasurer's investment pool	20.5 months average	663,584
Total Cash and Investments Per		
<b>Government-Wide Statement of Net Position</b>	\$	664,334

- (1) **Deposits** The carrying amount of deposits includes checking accounts, savings accounts, nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, and money market accounts at financial institutions, if any.
- (2) *Investments That Are Not Securities* A "security" is a transferable financial instrument that evidences ownership or creditorship, whether in physical or book-entry form. Investments that are not securities do not have custodial credit risk because they do not involve a transferable financial instrument. Thus, they are not categorized into custodial credit risk categories.

#### **Restricted Cash and Investments**

The following is a summary of restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent:

June 30, 2021	Maturities	Fair Value
Deposits (1)	\$	47,357

(1) **Deposits** The carrying amount of deposits includes checking accounts, savings accounts, nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, and money market accounts at financial institutions, if any.

#### Credit Risk – Investments

California Government Code, Section 53601, limits investments in commercial paper to "prime" quality of the highest ranking or of the highest letter and numerical rating as provided by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO), and limits investments in medium-term notes to a rating of A or better. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The District's investment in the County investment pool is unrated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### **Fair Value Measurements**

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

 County treasurer's investment pool of \$663,584 is valued using quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets and quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active (level 2 inputs).

#### Concentration of Credit Risk - Investments

*California Government Code*, Section 53635, places the following concentration limits on the County investment pool:

No more than 40% may be invested in eligible commercial paper and no more than 10% may be invested in the outstanding commercial paper of any single issuer.

*California Government Code*, Section 53601, places the following concentration limits on the District's investments:

No more than 10% may be invested in the securities of any one issuer, except the obligations of the U.S. government, U.S. government agencies, and U.S. government-sponsored enterprises and where otherwise noted; no more than 10% may be invested in any one mutual fund; no more than 25% may be invested in commercial paper; no more than 40% may be invested in bankers' acceptances and no more than 30% may be invested in bankers' acceptances of any one commercial bank; no more than 30% may be invested in negotiable certificates of deposit; no more than 20% may be invested in reverse repurchase agreements; no more than 30% may be invested in mortgage passthrough and related securities; and no more than 30% may be invested in certain unsecured, unsubordinated obligations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consisted of the following:

			Gov	Other ernmental
June 30, 2021	G	eneral Fund		Funds
Other	\$	39,809	\$	30

## 4. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments consisted of the following:

June 30, 2021	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds
Due From		
Federal government	\$ 370,204	\$ 17,142
State government	123,123	1,010
Local governments	59,902	
Total	\$ 553,229	\$ 18,152

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity is as follows:

Year Ended June 30, 2021	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Nondepreciated Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 37,200	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 37,200
	 01,200		<u> </u>	 01,200
Depreciated Capital Assets	2 407 020	27.050		2 525 700
Buildings	2,497,938	27,850	-	2,525,788
Site improvements	717,395	-	-	717,395
Equipment and vehicles	423,767	-	-	423,767
Total Depreciated Capital Assets	3,639,100	27,850	-	3,666,950
Totals at Historical Cost	3,676,300	27,850	-	3,704,150
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	1,392,634	55,881	_	1,448,515
Site improvements	431,414	31,834	_	463,248
Equipment and vehicles	303,158	20,127	_	323,285
Total Accumulated Depreciation	2,127,206	107,842	_	2,235,048
Total / local liaid to a Depression		107,01.2		2,233,0 13
<b>Total Depreciated Capital Assets - Net</b>	1,511,894	(79,992)	_	1,431,902
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS - NET	\$ 1,549,094	\$ (79,992)	\$ -	\$ 1,469,102

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 69,122
Instruction-related services	4,889
Pupil services	8,980
Plant services	24,851
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 107,842

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable consisted of the following:

	Gov	Other ernmental
June 30, 2021	General Fund	Funds
Vendors	\$ 176,782 \$	3,287
Salaries and benefits	5,810	_
Total	\$ 182,592 \$	3,287

#### 7. DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due to other governments consisted of the following:

June 30, 2021	Genera	l Fund
Due To		
State government	\$	347

#### 8. DIRECT BORROWING NOTE PAYABLE

On December 20, 2016, the District was selected to receive a loan under the provisions of *California Education Code*, Section 17456, totaling \$200,000. The provisions of the loan require the District to deposit \$11,765 annually for 17 years beginning December 20, 2017, into a sinking fund to repay the loan due on December 20, 2033. As of June 30, 2021, the principal balance outstanding was \$200,000. The note is due on December 20, 2033.

#### 9. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt:

Year Ended June 30, 2021		Beginning Balance		Additions	D	eductions		Ending Balance	D	Amounts ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities Direct borrowing note payable	\$	200.000	Ś	_	Ś	- S	•	200.000	Ś	_
Net OPEB asset Net pension liability	Υ 	(10,039) 532,374	<b>У</b>	9,832 27,997	Υ 	- -		(207) 560,371	·	- -
Total	\$	722,335	\$	37,829	\$	- <b>\$</b>	5	760,164	\$	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# 10. FUND BALANCES COMPONENTS

Fund balances as are composed of the following:

June 30, 2021	Ge	neral Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds
Nonspendable				
Reserved for:				
Revolving cash	\$	750	\$	-
Inventories		-		6,631
Total Nonspendable	\$	750	\$	6,631
Restricted				
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	\$	-	\$	25,398
Debt service		47,357		-
Federal and state categoricals		25,467		22,483
Total Restricted	\$	72,824	\$	47,881
Assigned				
Assigned for:				
Fiscal stabilizaton	\$	373,691	\$	-
Future technology needs		100,000		-
Future textbook adoption		75,000		=
School donations account		14,828		
Total Assigned	\$	563,519	\$	
Unassigned				
Designated for economic uncertainties	\$	71,000	\$	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 11. JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in joint ventures under joint powers agreements with the following joint powers authorities (JPAs): Northern California Schools Insurance Group (NCSIG), Northern California ReLiEF (ReLiEF), Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF), and Shasta-Trinity Schools Insurance Group (STSIG). The relationship between the District and the JPAs is such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs arrange for and provide property, liability, workers' compensation, health care, and excess liability coverage for their members. Each JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from the members. The boards control the operations of the JPAs, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the members beyond their representation on the boards. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the JPA. The District's share of year-end assets, liabilities, or fund equity is not calculated by the JPAs. Separately issued financial statements can be requested from each JPA.

#### 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Federal and State Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District received federal and state funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under the terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

#### COVID-19

The novel coronavirus, COVID-19, was declared a worldwide pandemic by the World Health Organization on March 11, 2020. The ongoing pandemic has caused an economic downturn on a global scale, disrupted global supply chains, and created significant uncertainty, volatility, and disruption across economies and financial markets. The COVID-19 pandemic remains a rapidly-evolving situation. The impact of the pandemic on the District's operations and financial performance will depend on future developments, including government mandates and duration of the pandemic, all of which are uncertain and difficult to predict. As a result, it is not currently possible to assess the overall impact of COVID-19 on the District's future. However, if the pandemic continues, the disease could have a material adverse effect on the District's results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows. Management is monitoring the situation on a daily basis in order to mitigate the potential impact of COVID-19 on the District's operations and financial performance.

#### 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks, including loss or damage to property, general liability, and injuries to employees. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years. No significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year have been made. As described above, the District participates in risk pools under joint powers agreements for property, liability, workers' compensation, health care, and excess liability coverage.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 14. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the state of California. Certificated employees are members of CalSTRS, and classified employees are members of CalPERS.

#### **Summary**

Net pension liability, deferred outflows or resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported as follows:

June 30, 2021	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
CalSTRS State Teachers' Retirement Plan CalPERS School Employer Pool	\$ 100,272 460,099	\$ 40,104 100,862	\$ 278,707 -	\$ (83,634) 100,977
Total	\$ 560,371	\$ 140,966	\$ 278,707	\$ 17,343

Net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources are reported in the accompanying statement of net position; pension expense is reported in the accompanying statement of activities.

#### California State Teachers' Retirement System

**Plan Description** Certificated employees of the District participate in STRP, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. Benefit provisions are established by state statute, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues publicly available financial reports that can be obtained at www.calstrs.com.

**Benefits Provided** STRP provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. The defined benefit program provides retirement benefits based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. In addition, the retirement program provides benefits to members upon disability and to survivors/beneficiaries upon the death of eligible members. The program has two benefit formulas:

• CalSTRS 2% at 60 CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to a maximum of 2.4% at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2% to the age factor, up to the 2.4% maximum.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

• CalSTRS 2% at 62 CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4% at age 65 or older.

**Contributions** Required member, employer, and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Active plan members of the CalSTRS 2% at 60 formula are required to contribute 10.25% of their salary. Active plan members of the CalSTRS 2% at 62 formula are required to contribute 10.205% of their salary. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2020-21 was 16.15% of annual payroll. The District's contributions to CalSTRS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were \$10,646.

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** At June 30, 2021, the District reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for state pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District, were as follows:

#### June 30, 2021

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 100,272
associated with the District	51,690
Total	\$ 151,962

The District's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, rolled forward to June 30, 2020, using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the state, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.0001%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

State Teachers' Retirement Law also requires the state to contribute 10.328% of the members' creditable earnings from the fiscal year ending in the prior calendar year. *California Education Code*, Section 22950.6 appropriated an additional \$2,246,000,000 from the state's General Fund for the 2018–19 fiscal year to be transferred to the Teachers' Retirement Fund to reduce school employers' contributions and unfunded liabilities for the 2019-20 and 2020-21 fiscal years. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,616 and revenue of \$1,616 for support provided by the state. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 177	\$ 2,826
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	2,381	-
Change in assumptions	9,776	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	17,124	275,881
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	10,646	
Total	\$ 40,104	\$ 278,707

The \$10,646 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2022	\$ (97,812)
2023	(97,702)
2024	(40,653)
2025	(11,068)
2026	(2,024)
Thereafter	10
Total	\$ (249,249)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

**Actuarial Assumptions** The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation for CalSTRS was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Interest on accounts	3.00%
Wage growth	3.50%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Post-retirement benefit increases	2.00% simple

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among the members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS investment staff and investment consultants as inputs to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset Allocation		
Asset Class			
Public equity	42%	4.80%	
Private equity	13%	6.30%	
Real estate	15%	3.60%	
Inflation sensitive	6%	3.30%	
Fixed income	12%	1.30%	
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	1.80%	
Cash/liquidity	2%_	-0.40%	
Total	100%		

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers were made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases pursuant to Chapter 47, Statutes of 2014 (AB 1469). Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10%) and assumes that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expenses occurred midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

**Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability if it was calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.10%) or one percentage point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

				Current	
June 30, 2021	1	% Decrease (6.10%)	D	iscount Rate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	151,497	\$	100,272	\$ 57,979

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in CalSTRS' separately issued *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR).

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System

**Plan Description** Classified employees of the District participate in the School Employer Pool (the Plan) under CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by state statute, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.calpers.ca.gov.

**Benefits Provided** The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The benefits are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

**Contributions** Member contribution rates are defined by law. Employer contribution rates are determined by periodic actuarial valuations. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. Active plan members that met the definition of a new member under the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act are required to contribute 7.00% of their salary. Classic employees are required to contribute 7.00% of their salary. The required employer contribution rate for the 2020-21 fiscal year was 20.70%. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were \$46,017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions At June 30, 2021, the District reported a net pension liability of \$460,099 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, rolled forward to June 30, 2020, using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.001500%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$100,977. *California Government Code*, Section 20825.2 appropriated \$904,000,000 from the state's General Fund for fiscal year 2018–19 to be transferred to the Public Employees' Retirement Fund, to reduce school employers' contributions and unfunded liabilities for the 2019-20 through 2021-22 fiscal years. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$13,556 and revenue of \$13,556 for support provided by the state. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	22,820	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		9,578	-
Change in assumptions		1,687	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		20,760	-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u> </u>	46,017	
Total	\$	100,862	\$ -

The \$46,017 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2022	\$ 21,064
2023	17,402
2024	11,470
2025	4,909
Total	\$ 54,845

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

**Actuarial Assumptions** The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation for CalPERS was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Varies by entry age and service
Investment rate of return	7.15%

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on CalPERS' experience and include 15 years of projected ongoing mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. These tables are used to estimate the value of benefits expected to be paid for service and disability retirements. For disability retirements, impaired longevity is recognized by a separate table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 1997, through June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short term (first 10 years) and the long term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short term and long term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The tables below reflect long-term expected real rates of return by asset class. The rates of return were calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate.

	Assumed Asset	Real R	ate of Return
	Allocation	Years 1 - 10	Years 11+
Asset Class			
Global equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed income	28%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation assets	0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8%	6.30%	7.23%
Real estate	13%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100%		

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability if it was calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.15%) or one percentage point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

				Current	
June 30, 2021	19	% Decrease (6.15%)	Dis	count Rate (7.15%)	1% Increase (8.15%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	661,477	\$	460,099	\$ 292,966

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in CalPERS' separately issued CAFR.

#### 15. EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAM

The District did not enter into any early retirement incentive agreements during 2020-21, pursuant to *California Education Code*, Sections 22714 and 44929, whereby the service credit to eligible employees is increased by two years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 16. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

#### **Plan Description and Benefits Provided**

The District provides postemployment health care benefits to qualifying employees through a single-employer defined benefit health care plan administered by the District. The District provides postemployment health care benefits to certificated employees who retire from the District on or after attaining age 55 with at least ten years of service for a maximum of ten years or until the retiree reaches age 65. The District provides medical, dental, and vision coverage for eligible certificated retirees and their dependents with a monthly contribution of \$550.

The District also provides postemployment health care benefits to all certificated management and their dependents who retire from the District on or after reaching age 50 or 55, depending on the contract, with at least ten years of service to the District. The management retirees are included in the program for a maximum of ten years or until the retiree reaches age 65. For certificated management retirees, the District contributes \$550 per month.

#### **Employees Covered**

Employees covered by the benefit terms of the Plan consisted of:

#### June 30, 2021

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	-
Active plan members	2
Total	2

#### **Contributions**

The District's agreement with employees is for monthly contributions for members who meet the eligibility criteria of their collective bargaining agreement and who retire during the term of the contract. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District's Board of Trustees through the collective bargaining process. The members receiving benefits contributions vary depending on the level of coverage selected. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, no contributions were made to the Plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### **Net OPEB Asset**

The District's net OPEB asset for the Plan is measured as the total OPEB liability, less the Plan's fiduciary net position. The total OPEB liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2021, using an annual actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using standard update procedures. The June 30, 2021, total OPEB liability was based on the actuarial methods and assumptions as shown below.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The following actuarial assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation data	Lulu 1, 2020
Valuation date	July 1, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age, level percent of pay
Actuarial assumptions:	
Salary increases	3.00%
Inflation rate	2.75%
Investment rate of return	7.25% (1)
Healthcare cost trend rate	5.80%

(1) Net of OPEB plan investment expense

Mortality is based on Mortality Rates from CalSTRS Experience Analysis (2015-2018) for certificated employees and Mortality Rates from CalPERS Experience Study (1997-2015) for classified employees.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The discount rate is based on a blend of the long-term expected rate of return on assets for benefits covered by plan assets and a yield or index for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or better for benefits not covered by plan assets.

#### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined by the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

As of June 30, 2021, the long-term expected rate of return on the Plan investments was 7.25%. The target allocation of the Plan's investments for each major investment class in the Plan's portfolio are as follows:

Investment Class	Target Allocation
Global Equity	59.00%
U.S. fixed income	25.00%
Real estate	8.00%
Treasury inflation-protected securities	5.00%
Commodities	3.00%

# **Changes in the Net OPEB Asset**

The changes in the net OPEB asset for the Plan are as follows:

## Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 3,990
Interest	1,685
Difference between expected and actual experience	10,455
Changes of assumptions	(888)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	15,242
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	9,680
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year (a)	24,922
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Net investment income	5,429
Administrative expense	(19)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	5,410
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year	19,719
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year (b)	25,129
Net OPEB Asset - End of Year ((a) - (b))	\$ (207)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability Covered-employee payroll District's net OPEB asset as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 100.83% 122,677 0.17%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as the District's net OPEB liability (asset) if it was calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

			Current	
June 30, 2021	1	% Decrease (6.25%)	 int Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	1,659	\$ (207)	\$ (1,951)

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's net OPEB asset calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 5.80%, as well as the District's net OPEB liability (asset) if it was calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is one percentage point lower (4.80%) or one percentage point higher (6.80%) than the current rate:

June 30, 2021	1%	6 Decrease (4.80%)	Health Cost Trend Rates (5.80%)	1% Increase (6.80%)
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(2,906)	\$ (207)	\$ 2,795

#### **Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPEB financial report. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.calpers.ca.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$4,673. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$ 9,293	\$ -
earnings on plan investments	512	3,207
Change in assumptions		789
Total	\$ 9,805	\$ 3,996

Amounts reported as deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2022	\$ 428
2023	449
2024	411
2025	269
2026	1,063
Thereafter	3,189
Total	\$ 5,809



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND

						Actual	_	ariance With
		Budg	ete	d Amounts		Amounts	•	Positive
Year Ended June 30, 2021		Original		Final		GAAP Basis		(Negative)
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	388,931	\$	393,880	\$	386,470	\$	(7,410)
Local control funding formula sources	*	236,234	τ.	257,533	_	271,808	τ	14,275
Other state revenue		13,363		86,349		66,997		(19,352)
Federal revenue		87,012		452,711		131,198		(321,513)
Other local revenue		29,001		115,460		147,777		32,317
Total Revenues		754,541		1,305,933		1,004,250		(301,683)
Expenditures								
Certificated salaries		131,796		142,560		145,970		(3,410)
Classified salaries		151,738		165,015		193,503		(28,488)
Employee benefits		113,002		116,025		116,597		(572)
Books and supplies		40,024		67,097		77,894		(10,797)
Services and other operating		287,929		511,622		487,059		24,563
Capital outlay		20,461		6,049		27,850		(21,801)
Other outgo		9,850		17,935		17,935		-
Total Expenditures		754,800		1,026,303		1,066,808		(40,505)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		(259)		279,630		(62,558)		(342,188)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Interfund transfers out		(18,000)		(13,416)		-		13,416
Net Change in Fund Balances		(18,259)		266,214		(62,558)		(328,772)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		770,651		770,651		770,651		-
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	752,392	\$	1,036,865	\$	708,093	\$	(328,772)

 $See the \, accompanying \, notes \, to \, this \, budgetary \, comparison \, schedule.$ 

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District's Governing Board annually adopts a budget for the General Fund of the District. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the accompanying budgetary comparison schedule of the General Fund presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budget as amended. Unexpended appropriations on the annual budget lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

#### 2. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Expenditures exceeded appropriations by the following amount:

June 30, 2021	General Fund
Certificated salaries	\$ (3,410)
Classified salaries	\$ (28,488)
Employee benefits	\$ (572)
Books and supplies	\$ (10,797)
Capital outlay	\$ (21,801)

The excess expenditures were funded by beginning fund balance.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN DISTRICT'S NET OPEB ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS

Years Ended June 30	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 3,990 \$	2,059 \$	2,144 \$	2,082
Interest	1,685	654	326	163
Changes of benefit terms	10,455	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(888)	-	-	-
Net Change In Total OPEB Liability	15,242	2,713	2,470	2,245
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	9,680	6,967	4,497	2,252
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year (a)	24,922	9,680	6,967	4,497
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer	-	-	-	73
Net investment income	5,429	681	1,116	1,330
Administrative expense	(19)	(17)	(15)	(16)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	5,410	664	1,101	1,387
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year	19,719	19,055	17,954	16,567
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year (b)	25,129	19,719	19,055	17,954
Net OPEB Asset - End of Year ((a) - (b))	\$ (207) \$	(10,039) \$	(12,088) \$	(13,457)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	100.83%	203.71%	273.50%	399.24%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 122,677 \$	278,223 \$	300,351 \$	259,406
District's net OPEB asset as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 0.17%	3.61%	4.02%	5.19%

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB

Years Ended June 30	2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 4,101	\$ 1,370	\$ 1,330	\$ 1,330
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	-	-	-	73
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 4,101	\$ 1,370	\$ 1,330	\$ 1,257
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 122,677	\$ 278,223	\$ 300,351	\$ 259,406
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.03%

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - OPEB

Years Ended June 30	2021	2020	2019	2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return - net of investment expense	27.50%	3.53%	6.18%	7.97%

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Years Ended June 30		2021	2020	2019
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0001%	0.0001%	0.0001%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		\$ 100,272	\$ 108,908	\$ 91,186
associated with the District		51,690	59,417	52,208
Total		\$ 151,962	\$ 168,325	\$ 143,394
District's covered-employee payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		\$ 58,246	\$ 61,677	\$ 56,182
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		172.15%	176.58%	162.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.80%	72.60%	71.00%
Years Ended June 30	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0002%	0.0005%	0.0010%	0.0010%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 177,544	\$ 379,484	\$ 653,172	\$ 550,018
associated with the District	105,035	216,066	356,069	352,871
Total	\$ 282,579	\$ 595,550	\$ 1,009,241	\$ 902,889
District's covered-employee payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 105,707	\$ 232,693	\$ 278,941	\$ 281,596
· · · ·	\$ 105,707 167.96%	\$ 232,693 163.08%	\$ 278,941 234.16%	\$ 281,596 195.32%

 $See \ the \ accompanying \ notes \ to \ the \ required \ supplementary \ information.$ 

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS – CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Years Ended June 30		2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contribution  Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	10,646 \$ (10,646)	9,960 \$ (9,960)	10,041 (10,041)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	- \$	- \$	-
District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$	58,246 \$ 18.28%	61,677 \$ 16.15%	56,182 17.87%
Years Ended June 30	2018	2017	2016	2015
Years Ended June 30  Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ <b>2018</b> 8,107 \$ (8,107)	2017 13,298 \$ (13,298)	<b>2016</b> 24,268 \$ (24,268)	<b>2015</b> 24,770 (24,770)
Contractually required contribution	\$ 8,107 \$	13,298 \$	24,268 \$	24,770

 $See \ the \ accompanying \ notes \ to \ the \ required \ supplementary \ information.$ 

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Years Ended June 30			2021		2020		2019
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)			0.001500%		0.001453%		0.001390%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)			\$ 460,099	\$	423,466	\$	370,618
District's covered-employee payroll			\$ 216,272	\$	200,930	\$	183,555
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a							
percentage of its covered-employee payroll			212.74%		210.75%		201.91%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability			70.00%		70.00%		70.85%
Years Ended June 30		2018	2017		2016		2015
Years Ended June 30  District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		<b>2018</b> 0.001360%	<b>2017</b> 0.001100%		<b>2016</b> 0.001000%		<b>2015</b> 0.001000%
	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	0.001360%	\$ 0.001100%	\$	0.001000%	\$	0.001000%
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)  District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	0.001360%	0.001100%	•	0.001000% 146,131	i	0.001000% 111,938
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)  District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)  District's covered-employee payroll	\$ \$	0.001360%	0.001100%	•	0.001000% 146,131	i	0.001000% 111,938

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS —
CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Years Ended June 30		2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contribution  Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	46,017 \$ (46,017)	42,651 \$ (42,651)	36,292 (36,292)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	- \$	- \$	-
District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$	216,272 \$ 21.28%	200,930 \$ 21.23%	183,555 19.77%
Years Ended June 30	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 28,508 \$ (28,508)	24,162 \$ (24,162)	16,096 \$ (16,096)	13,161 (13,161)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-

\$

173,978 \$

16.39%

135,866 \$

17.78%

111,809 \$

14.40%

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

District's covered-employee payroll

105,086

12.52%

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### 1. **NET OPEB ASSET**

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no significant changes in benefit terms during the measurement period ended June 30, 2021.

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2021, inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75% and healthcare cost trend rate was increased from 5.00% to 5.80% to reflect changes in market conditions.

#### 2. PENSION – CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no significant changes of benefit terms during the measurement period ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

On January 31, 2020, the CalSTRS board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2018. These assumptions were reflected in the valuation dated June 30, 2019.

#### PENSION – CALIFORNIA STATE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM 3.

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no significant changes of benefit terms during the measurement period ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

There were no significant changes of assumptions during the measurement period ended June 30, 2020.



LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE June 30, 2021

The Igo-Ono-Platina Union Elementary School District is located in Shasta County and was established in 1859. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District is currently operating one elementary school.

#### **GOVERNING BOARD**

Name	Office	Term Expires
Diane Morris	President	2024
Gayle Martin	Clerk	2024
Rachel Brady	Member	2024

#### **ADMINISTRATION**

Robert Adams Superintendent

Robert Fellinger Chief Business Official

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS Year Ended June 30, 2021

The District is not the sponsoring local educational agency for any charter schools.

See the accompanying note to the other supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Required Instructional Days	Actual Instructional Days Offered	Approved J-13A Credited Days*	Traditional Calendar Days	Multitrack Calendar Days	Status
Kindergarten	180	171	9	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 1	180	171	9	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 2	180	171	9	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 3	180	171	9	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 4	180	171	9	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 5	180	171	9	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 6	180	171	9	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 7	180	171	9	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 8	180	171	9	180	N/A	Complied

<sup>\*</sup>The District received an approved Form J-13A for nine emergency closure days.

 ${\it See the accompanying note to the other supplementary information}.$ 

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS Year Ended June 30, 2021

Years Ended June 30	(Bu	ıdget) 2022	2021	2020	2019
General Fund					
Revenues and other financial sources	\$	1,036,726	\$ 1,004,250	\$ 842,967	\$ 827,776
Expenditures		1,029,669	1,066,808	826,902	730,083
Other uses and transfers out		20,000	-	25,000	
Total Outgo		1,049,669	1,066,808	851,902	730,083
Change in Fund Balance		(12,943)	(62,558)	(8,935)	97,693
Ending Fund Balance	\$	695,150	\$ 708,093	\$ 770,651	\$ 779,586
Available reserves	\$	71,000	\$ 71,000	\$ 70,000	\$ 86,168
Designated for economic uncertainties	\$	71,000	\$ 71,000	\$ 70,000	\$ 70,000
Undesignated fund balance	\$	-	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 16,168
Available reserves as a percentage of					
total outgo		7%	7%	8%	12%
Total long-term debt	\$	760,164	\$ 760,164	\$ 722,335	\$ 649,716
Average daily attendance at P-2		41	33 *	33	40

<sup>\*</sup> Pursuant to California Education Code, Section 43502, the District was funded based on 2019-20 ADA.

The General Fund balance has decreased by \$71,493 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2021-22 budget projects a decrease of \$12,943 (-1.83%). For a district this size, the state recommends available reserves of at least \$71,000.

The District has incurred an operating deficit in two of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2021-22 fiscal year. Total long-term debt has increased by \$110,448 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by seven over the past two years. The District anticipates ADA to increase by eight during fiscal year 2021-22.

See the accompanying note to the other supplementary information.

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Specia	Cafeteria al Revenue Fund
Annual Financial and Budget Report Fund Balance	\$	27,429
Adjustments Increasing the Fund Balance		
Understatement of inventories		1,685
Audited Financial Statements Fund Balance	\$	29,114

See the accompanying note to the other supplementary information.

NOTE TO THE OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

#### **Schedule of Charter Schools**

This schedule lists all charter schools sponsored by the District and indicates whether or not the charter school is included in the audit of the District.

#### Schedule of Instructional Time

The District received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District met or exceeded its local funding formula target. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *California Education Code*, Sections 43501, 43502, 46208, and 43504.

#### **Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis**

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current-year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### **Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report With Audited Financial Statements**

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of each fund, as reported in the annual financial and budget report, to the audited financial statements.





# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Igo-Ono-Platina Union Elementary School District Igo, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Igo-Ono-Platina Union Elementary School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021; and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements; and have issued our report thereon dated May 19, 2022.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect, and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

(Continued)

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

Horton McNuly & Gaeteurn, UP

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

May 19, 2022 Chico, California



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

To the Board of Trustees Igo-Ono-Platina Union Elementary School District Igo, California

#### Compliance

We have audited the Igo-Ono-Platina Union Elementary School District's (the District) compliance with the types of state compliance requirements described in the 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel, for the year ended June 30, 2021. The applicable state compliance requirements are identified in the table below.

#### Management's Responsibility

Compliance with the requirements referred to above is the responsibility of the District's management.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. Those standards and the 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on compliance with the state laws and regulations described in the schedule below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

(Continued)

June 30, 2021	Procedures Performed
Attendance and distance learning	Yes
Teacher certification and misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten continuance	No
Instructional time	Yes
Instructional materials	Yes
Ratios of administrative employees to teachers	No
Classroom teacher salaries	No
Early retirement incentive	No
Gann limit calculation	Yes
School accountability report card	Yes
K-3 grade span adjustment	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and supplemental instruction	Not applicable
Comprehensive school safety plan	Yes
District of choice	No
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No
Proper expenditure of education protection account funds	Yes
Unduplicated local control funding formula pupil counts	Yes
Charter schools:	
Independent study-course based	No
Attendance	No
Mode of instruction	No
Nonclassroom-based instruction/independent study	No
Determination of funding for nonclassroom-based instruction	No
Charter school facility grant program	No

Kindergarten continuance steps 1a and 1b were not performed because the District did not have any students enrolled in kindergarten during 2020-21 that turned six years old by September 1. The audit procedure related to ratios of administrative employees to teachers does not apply since the District has only one school and one administrator (*California Education Code*, Section 41402). The audit procedure related to classroom teacher salaries does not apply since the District did not have 101 units or more of average daily attendance. District of choice steps 2 and 3 were not performed because the board of the District did not elect to operate as a school district of choice.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

(Continued)

Since the District did not participate in the following programs during 2020-21, all steps related to them were not performed:

Early retirement incentive California Clean Energy Jobs Act

Since the District did not sponsor any charter schools during 2020-21, all steps related to the following were not performed:

Independent study-course based
Attendance
Mode of instruction
Nonclassroom-based instruction/independent study
Determination of funding for nonclassroom-based instruction
Charter school facility grant program

#### **Opinion on State Compliance**

Horton McNulty & Gaeteurn, UP

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the state compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the District for the year ended June 30, 2021.

May 19, 2022 Chico, California



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2021

## SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

#### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Are any material weaknesses identified?

Are any significant deficiencies identified?

None reported

Is any noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

#### **STATE AWARDS**

Compliance over state programs:

Are any material weaknesses identified?

Are any significant deficiencies identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:

Unmodified

**Igo-Ono-Platina Union Elementary School District** SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2021 (Continued)

SECTION II FINDINGS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT	
None.	
SECTION III FINDINGS FEDERAL AWARDS AUDIT	
None.	
SECTION IV FINDINGS STATE AWARDS AUDIT	
None.	

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN
June 30, 2021

Not applicable: there are no current-year findings related to federal awards.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2021

#### **STATE COMPLIANCE (Transportation Maintenance of Effort)**

40000 (2020-001)

#### **State Compliance**

**Condition** During the 2019-20 fiscal year, the District did not expend at least the lesser of its 2012-13 revenue received for transportation purposes as adjusted by *California Education Code*, Section 42238.03(a)(6)(A)(iii), or its 2012-13 transportation expenditures. This is a repeat finding of item 2019-001 that was reported in the 2018-19 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

**Criteria** Pursuant to *California Education Code*, Section 42238.03(a)(6)(B), a school district that received and expended home-to-school transportation funds in 2012-13 fiscal year shall expend in 2019-20 fiscal year no less than the amount of funds the school district expended for home-to-school transportation in the 2012-13 fiscal year.

**Effect** The District is out of compliance with *California Education Code*, Section 42238.03(a)(6)(B). There is no fiscal impact to not meeting the maintenance of effort requirement.

Cause The District spent less for transportation purpose during the 2019-20 fiscal year than required.

**Recommendation** We recommend that the District adopt procedures in future years to ensure compliance *California Education Code*, Section 42238.03(a)(6)(B).

**Current Status** Since the Transportation Maintenance of Effort was not included in the 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, the status of this finding will be updated for the 2021-22 fiscal year audit.